

Fourier transform absorption spectra of H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O in the 8000–9400 cm^{-1} spectral region

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Abstract

Fourier transform spectra of water vapor enriched in ^{18}O and ^{17}O were recorded between 8012 and 9336 cm^{-1} and analyzed for the first time. High accuracy ab initio predictions of line positions and intensities by Partridge and Schwenke [J. Chem. Phys. 106 (1997) 4618–4639; 113 (2000) 6592–6597] were used in the process of spectrum assignment. Transitions involving the (031), (111), (130), (210), and (012) upper vibrational states were identified in the recorded spectra. As a result, 514 and 244 precise ro-vibrational energy levels were derived for the H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O molecules, respectively. High-order resonance perturbations between levels of the vibrational states involved were evidenced leading to the identification of a number of rotational levels of the (050) and (060) highly excited bending states.

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1. Introduction

The contribution of water vapor to the total absorption of solar radiation by the Earth atmosphere is very significant in several spectral intervals from the infrared (IR) to the visible. High-resolution absorption spectra for the main isotopic species H_2^{16}O in the 8000–9600 cm^{-1} spectral region were studied in details [1–3]. The spectra of two minor isotopologues of the water molecule, H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O , have been already analyzed both for the 2 ν polyad (first hexad) [4,5] and for the 3 ν polyad (first decade) [6,7]. Therefore it is desirable to extend these investigations in the 1 μm spectral region to complete the spectroscopic cov-

erage in the near IR region. The present work is devoted to the analysis of Fourier transform (FT) spectra of H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O in the domain 8012–9336 cm^{-1} . This region corresponds to the second hexad of interacting vibrational states, i.e., the polyad {(050), (130), (031), (210), (111), and (012)} in the effective Hamiltonian and normal mode terminology. For the line assignment, the global variational calculations by Partridge and Schwenke [8,9] were used and found to be very accurate in the studied region.

In a recent paper [3], new spectroscopic line parameters for weak water vapor transitions in the 7400–9600 cm^{-1} region were published, which were retrieved from a long path-length FT spectrum [10]. Due to the high sensitivity provided by this experimental technique, 548 weak lines corresponding to H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O absorption lines observed in natural abundance water vapor were identified in the region under study.

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However, as will be seen from the forthcoming analysis, FT spectra of the ^{17}O and ^{18}O -enriched water yielded considerably more experimental information on the vibrationally excited states of the two heavy isotopologues than in [3].

2. Experimental details

2.1. H_2^{18}O spectrum, Hefei

The ^{18}O -enriched water sample was purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company, Inc. The stated isotopic concentration of ^{18}O is 95%. The absorption spectra were recorded with a Bruker IFS 120HR FT spectrometer equipped with a path-length adjustable multi-pass gas cell. The maximum optical path length is 105 m. We have recorded the spectra in different regions below 12000 cm^{-1} . For the spectral region covered in this study, a tungsten source, a CaF_2 beam splitter and a Ge-diode detector were used for the measurements. The cell was operated at room temperature, stabilized by an air-conditioning system. The pressure was measured using two capacitance manometers of 200 Pa and 133 hPa full-scale range with an overall accuracy of 0.5%. In consideration of the wide spectral range and the large variation of absorption line intensities, several spectra were recorded with different sample pressure (215, 1307 Pa) and absorption path length (15, 105 m) at 0.015 cm^{-1} unapodized resolution. The line positions were calibrated with the H_2^{16}O lines given by the HITRAN-2004 [12] database. The accuracy of the line positions of unblended and not too weak lines was estimated to be better than 0.0012 cm^{-1} . An overview of the spectrum in the region of $8000\text{--}9400\text{ cm}^{-1}$ is shown in Fig. 1.

2.2. H_2^{17}O , H_2^{18}O spectrum, and kitt peak

The ^{18}O -enriched (73% ^{18}O , 27% ^{16}O), the ^{17}O -enriched (5% ^{17}O , 16% ^{18}O , and 79% ^{16}O) and the natural water vapor spectra in the $8500\text{--}9330\text{ cm}^{-1}$ spectral region were recorded using the FT interferometer of the National Solar Observatory (Kitt Peak, AZ). The experimental procedure and data reduction have been already outlined in [4,6]. By comparison of the spectra with different path lengths and isotopic abundances, 636 and 447 observed lines were assigned to H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O transitions, respectively.

3. Line assignments and line lists construction and validation

The line positions obtained from the spectra recorded with the two experimental setups were compared and coincided very well (0.0018 cm^{-1} absolute averaged deviation). Since the H_2^{18}O spectra recorded in Hefei covered a larger spectral region and contained significantly more lines, they were mostly used for the derivation of the H_2^{18}O energy levels. Similarly, as the H_2^{17}O spectra were recorded at Kitt Peak with a higher ^{17}O isotopic abundance, they included more lines of the corresponding isotopologue and were preferred for the retrieval of the H_2^{17}O energy levels. For identification purposes, relative experimental intensities were estimated for all spectral lines from peak absorption values (using the method proposed in [11]). These intensities were then scaled to theoretically calculated ones [9] for pure H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O . The good agreement between the calculated and observed line intensities for both isotopic species is evident from Figs. 2 and 3 for the whole and selected regions, respectively.

With the help of the highly accurate theoretical calculations of [9] (SP in the following), all observed lines were

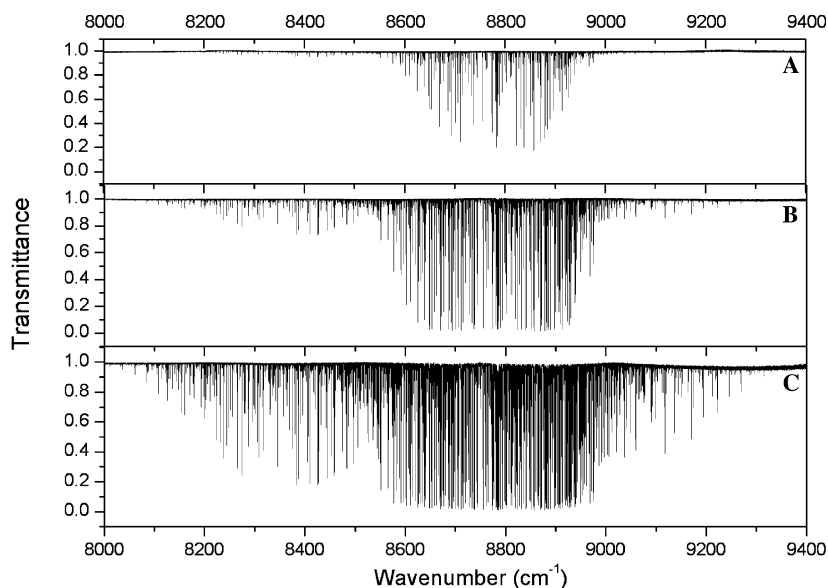


Fig. 1. Overview of the ^{18}O -enriched spectrum in the $8000\text{--}9400\text{ cm}^{-1}$ region. Experimental conditions: CaF_2 beam splitter, Ge detector, (A) 215 Pa, 15 m; (B) 1307 Pa, 15 m; (C) 1307 Pa, 105 m.

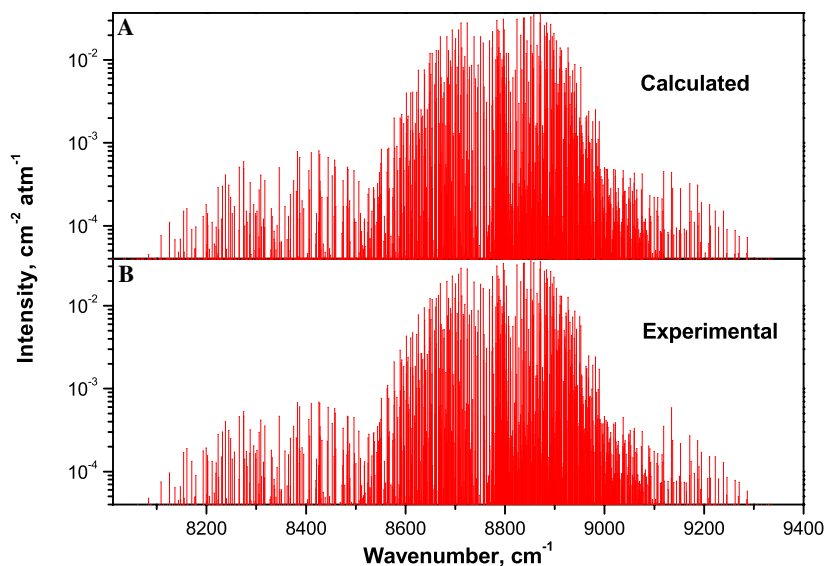


Fig. 2. Comparison of the pure H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O stick spectrum (at 296 K) in the whole $8012\text{--}9336\text{ cm}^{-1}$ region: (A) calculation by Schwenke and Partridge [8,9]; (B) experimental data derived from this work. Only assigned lines were used in both panels.

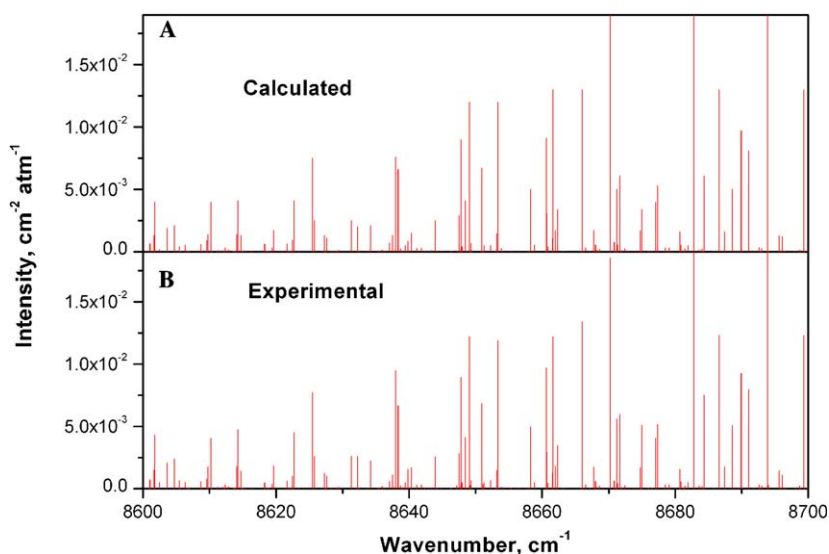


Fig. 3. Comparison of the pure H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O stick spectrum (at 296 K) in the selected $8600\text{--}8700\text{ cm}^{-1}$ region: (A) calculation by Schwenke and Partridge [8,9]; (B) experimental data derived from this work. Only assigned lines were used in both panels.

assigned in a straightforward manner. A summary of the derived spectroscopic information is given in Table 1 in comparison with the data published in [3]. The final H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O identification lists are attached to the paper as Supplementary data. The lists contain 1567 and 447 absorption lines, which correspond to 1696 and 467 transitions of H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O , respectively, when accounting for multiple or blended lines. For each line, the experimental and calculated (SP) intensities are provided with the ro-vibrational assignment. Lines superimposed on H_2^{16}O or on other isotopic lines are marked. A few relatively strong lines of both ^{18}O and ^{17}O isotopologues were unrecoverable because of blends and are then absent from the line lists.

We compared our results both with the HITRAN-2004 database [12] and with [3] in the whole considered spectral range. Fig. 4 shows a comparison between the stick spectra for the pure H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O species in the region $9000\text{--}9200\text{ cm}^{-1}$ for three data sources: HITRAN-2004, [3] and the present work. It is obvious that our new line lists contains many more weak absorption lines than [3]. It turns out that, for common lines, our positions and intensities match very well with those of [3]: the positions agree within 0.0025 cm^{-1} (absolute averaged deviation), while the average intensity ratio of our data to [3] is 0.96. This comparison is demonstrating, in fact, that the SP intensity calculation [9] used for scaling our data is of reasonably high accuracy. It is worth to note here that the first

Table 1
Summary of derived spectroscopic information

$(\nu_1\nu_2\nu_3)$	H_2^{17}O				H_2^{18}O							
	Vibrational energy (cm^{-1})		No. of levels		Δ_1	Δ_2	Vibrational energy (cm^{-1})		No. of levels			
	Calc.	Obs.	Obs.	[3]			Calc.	Obs.	Obs.	[3]		
(050)	7527.62		1		0.06	0.06	7514.28		4		0.15	0.15
(130)	8260.85		5		0.02	0.06	8249.07	8249.035	76	12	0.04	0.19
(031)	8356.58	8356.531	26	12	-0.07	-0.13	8341.11	8341.107	116	51	-0.02	-0.09
(210)	8749.99	8749.91*	40	4	-0.07	-0.10	8739.59	8739.525	85	24	-0.04	-0.08
(111)	8792.59	8792.544	113	68	-0.03	-0.06	8779.73	8779.719	143	99	0.03	-0.18
(060)	8853.92		1		-0.14	-0.14	8838.98		1		-0.11	-0.11
(012)	8982.85	8982.869	60		0.02	0.04	8967.49	8967.565	88	34	0.08	0.13
		Total	244	84			Total		514	220		
		New	164				New		298			

Obs., observed in this work; Calc., calculated in [8]; Δ_1 , average Obs.–Calc. deviation (cm^{-1}); Δ_2 , maximum Obs.–Calc. deviation (cm^{-1}); For H_2^{17}O the estimated (see text) vibrational energy of (210) is marked by '*'.

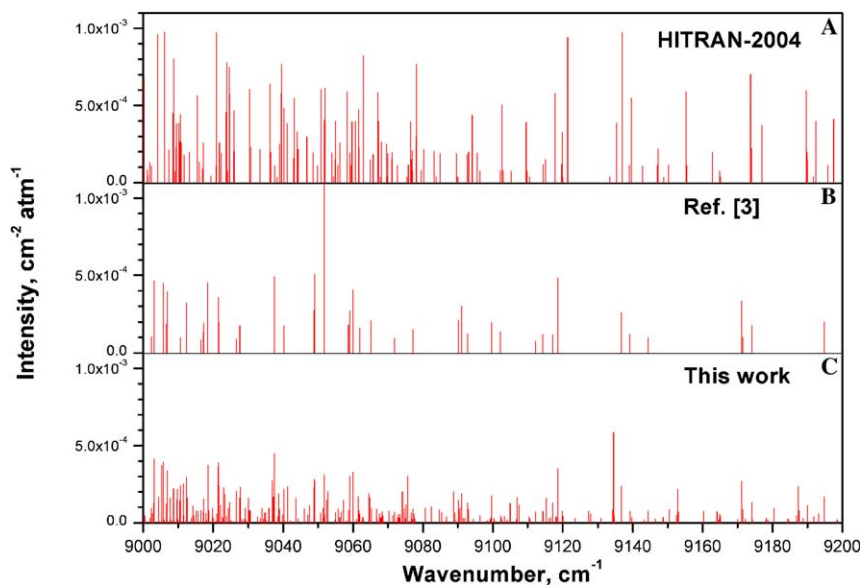


Fig. 4. Comparison of the pure H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O stick spectrum (at 296 K) in the 9000–9200 cm^{-1} selected region: (A) HITRAN-2004 data; (B) Reference [3] data; (C) experimental data derived from this work. Absorption lines in this region correspond mainly to the (012)–(000) band.

theoretical intensity calculation [8] had definite drawbacks, in particular for line intensities of the (031)–(000) band, which were strongly underestimated.

The comparison with HITRAN-2004 has shown that the H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O lines included in this recent database may deviate from our precise positions by up to -4.2 cm^{-1} and -3.3 cm^{-1} for H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O , respectively. The intensity comparison, however, is much better: the ratio of our intensities with respect to those of HITRAN-2004 is equal to 0.83 on average, though for some vibrational bands like (012)–(000) this ratio may be considerably less as seen in Fig. 4. Thus it is demonstrated that the most serious problems of HITRAN-2004 in the 8000–9500 cm^{-1} region concern not only, as stated in [3], the old experimental results [1,2] (where only natural water FT spectra were recorded and assigned), but also a large set (911 transitions) of H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O lines included in the

HITRAN-2004 database, for which the spectroscopic parameters are not reliable.

4. Derivation of energy levels and evidence for local high-order resonances

The energy levels derived from the assigned transitions by adding ground state energy levels of [13] are given in Tables 2 and 3 for the H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O molecules, respectively. They are retrieved mainly from the Hefei spectra for H_2^{18}O and from the Kitt Peak spectra for H_2^{17}O . However, a few energy levels were taken from alternate spectra recorded in this study (see Section 2) and are identified by asterisks in Tables 2 and 3. Overall 514 rotational energy levels of the H_2^{18}O molecule and 244 levels of the H_2^{17}O molecule were derived belonging to (031), (111), (130), (210), (012), (050), and (060) vibrational states (see also

Table 2
Rotational energy levels of H₂¹⁸O vibrational states (cm⁻¹)

J	K _a	K _c	(111)			(031)			(130)			(210)			(012)		
			E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N
0	0	0	8779.7190		1	8341.1078		1	8249.0357		1	8739.5258		1	8967.5651		1
1	0	1	8802.9097	0.4	2	8364.7008	0.9	2	8272.3938	0.7	2	8762.5693	0.7	2	8990.8712	0.1	2
1	1	1	8816.8561	0.6	2	8387.9210	0.4	2	8297.6695	0.4	2	8777.1255	0.9	2	9004.2736	0.1	3
1	1	0	8822.4565	0.3	2	8394.1251	0.1	2	8303.7772	0.1	2	8782.6832	0.5	2	9009.9370	0.4	2
2	0	2	8847.8619	0.8	4	8410.7558	0.2	3	8318.0914	0.2	2	8807.3213	0.6	2	9036.0064	0.3	3
2	1	2	8857.4743	0.3	4	8428.6629	0.4	3	8338.3209	0.6	4	8817.6515	1.1	3	9045.2391	0.7	3
2	1	1	8873.6818	0.4	3	8447.5338	0.4	3	8356.6105	0.5	3	8834.2771	0.5	2	9062.2043	1.2	2
2	2	1	8915.8652	0.5	3	8515.2854	0.1	2	8429.5499	0.2	3	8878.1964	0.3	4	9101.9721	0.2	3
2	2	0	8917.2387	0.2	3	8516.3689	0.6	2	8430.8294	0.3	2	8878.9293	0.6	2	9103.4216	0.5	2
3	0	3	8912.2616	0.1	3	8477.2714	0.1	2	8384.2820	0.2	3	8871.5692	0.0	2	9100.5835	0.6	2
3	1	3	8917.7389	0.5	5	8489.6904	0.2	2	8398.6801	0.4	3	8877.6877	0.5	3	9105.8287	0.3	2
3	1	2	8952.1403	0.3	4	8526.7233	0.8	3	8435.0463	0.1	3	8910.6265	0.6	3	9139.4225	0.6	3
3	2	2	8985.1924	0.1	5	8586.1730	0.4	3	8499.8014	0.5	3	8945.6277	0.6	3	9171.9575	0.1	3
3	2	1	8991.5264	0.5	5	8591.3403	0.3	2	8504.6243	0.5	4	8952.8304	0.4	3	9178.6144	0.9	4
3	3	1	9067.8624	0.7	3	8709.6588	0.3	2	8630.5029	1.4	2	9031.9194	0.6	2	9251.8008	0.3	2
3	3	0	9068.0860	0.0	2	8709.7850	0.4	2	8630.6047	0.8	4	9032.1002	0.2	2	9252.0445	0.1	2
4	0	4	8994.2568	0.3	4	8562.1514	0.4	3	8468.9606	0.0	2	8953.4420	0.1	2	9182.7869	1.7	2
4	1	4	8996.9290	0.3	3	8569.7531	0.2	2	8478.1658	0.1	3	8956.5610	0.5	2	9185.3345	0.6	4
4	1	3	9051.7094	0.4	5	8630.4893	0.7	4	8538.0041	0.8	3	9010.2555	0.6	2	9239.9129	0.9	2
4	2	3	9076.4635	0.6	5	8679.6732	0.7	4	8592.5581	0.4	5	9037.0969	0.3	3	9263.9828	0.2	4
4	2	2	9092.9921	0.6	6	8693.8509	0.2	3	8605.7048	0.6	3	9053.7223	1.6	3	9281.3004	0.7	3
4	3	2	9162.5525	0.4	3	8806.2654	0.2	3	8726.2102	0.4	6	9126.5754	0.4	5	9347.5571	0.1	2
4	3	1	9164.0389	0.3	5	8807.1102	0.8	3	8726.8884	0.7	3	9127.7660	0.4	2	9349.1665	0.5	3
4	4	1	9272.5418	0.0	2	8966.9087	0.2	2	8895.8506	1.1	3	9239.6107	0.2	2	9453.4465	0.6	3
4	4	0	9272.5663	0.3	3	8966.9242	0.0	2	8895.8612	2.1	2	9239.6453	0.3	2	9453.4799		1
5	0	5	9093.2687	0.2	3	8664.1332	0.7	2	8570.9604	0.1	3	9052.2551	0.7	3	9282.9180	0.2	4
5	1	5	9094.4213	0.6	4	8668.4039	0.4	3	8576.2104	1.0	2	9053.6948	1.0	2	9283.1871	0.2	2
5	1	4	9172.5305	0.9	6	8757.0766	0.3	2	8663.9063	1.2	4	9130.9967	0.5	3	9361.2435	0.5	4
5	2	4	9188.8141	0.4	5	8794.9905	0.2	2	8707.0910	0.4	3	9149.2786		1	9377.1049	0.7	3
5	2	3	9220.8923	0.4	5	8824.0742	0.3	3	8734.3137	0.2	3	9181.4721	0.6	3	9410.6998	0.5	3
5	3	3	9279.6118	0.6	4	8926.9345	0.5	3	8845.6245	1.9	4	9244.6019	1.8	2	9466.9421	0.1	2
5	3	2	9286.2591	0.6	4	8930.1143	0.0	2	8848.1326	0.5	3	9249.2334	0.2	2	9472.7327	0.2	3
5	4	2	9391.3754	0.4	5	9088.1498	0.0	3	9015.9328	6.9	2	9358.2068		1	9573.8092	3.1	2
5	4	1	9391.5820	0.8	2	9088.2326	0.9	3	9016.0065	1.0	2	9358.4769	1.2	2	9574.1022	0.1	2
5	5	1	9528.0023	0.6	3	9281.3148	0.3	4	9219.5841	1.7	2	9498.9834		1	9705.0704		1
5	5	0	9527.9988		1	9280.8976	0.3	4	9219.6016		1	9498.9960		1	9705.0721	0.2	3
6	0	6	9209.2759	0.6	4	8782.8866	1.1	3	8689.1416	0.0	2	9168.1292	1.9	2	9398.2657	3.1	2
6	1	6	9209.7937	0.4	3	8785.1692	0.1	2	8692.3505	0.1	2	9168.6753	0.6	2	9399.2147	0.6	3
6	1	5	9311.8944	0.1	3	8904.2622	0.7	3	8810.7191	2.1	3	9270.4016	0.8	2	9500.9902		1
6	2	5	9321.3098	0.6	4	8931.2584	0.3	4	8842.6019	0.8	4	9281.4373		1	9510.5220	0.3	4
6	2	4	9372.8930	0.5	6	8980.5394	0.3	3	8889.7063	0.3	2	9333.8257		1	9564.9396	0.1	2
6	3	4	9421.4828	0.5	3	9071.2327	0.6	3	8988.8478	0.3	2	9386.7900	0.5	3	9609.2311	0.4	3
6	3	3	9435.8804	0.1	4	9079.9205	0.3	3	8995.1586	2.6	4	9397.7587		1	9623.8933	1.8	2
6	4	3	9534.2547	0.6	4	9233.6752	0.0	2	9160.0182	2.7	2	9500.4194	0.8	3	9718.3410	0.6	3
6	4	2	9535.2834	0.1	3	9234.2265	0.5	4	9160.3195		1	9501.7523	1.4	2	9719.6757	0.1	2
6	5	2	9670.6084	1.2	2	9427.4880	1.7	4	9363.9365	1.2	3	9641.6573		1	9850.5553	0.6	3
6	5	1	9670.6136	0.3	2	9426.6122	0.4	3	9364.0692		1	9641.7746	0.7	2	9850.5989		1
6	6	1	9831.6243	2.2	2	9646.0464		1	9596.4079		1				0004.2977		1
6	6	0	9831.6268	0.7	2	9646.0459		1	9596.4042		1				0004.2940		1
7	0	7	9342.5760	0.2	2	8918.5216	0.1	2	8824.3769	0.6	2	9300.9268	1.0	2	9532.0849	1.1	2
7	1	7	9342.8175	0.1	3	8919.7240	0.1	2	8826.2567	1.4	2	9301.2559		1	9532.0687		1
7	1	6	9468.1132	0.4	4	9069.8335	1.1	2	8976.2918	1.1	3	9426.6972	1.5	2	9657.2247	0.2	2
7	2	6	9473.0389	0.4	4	9087.5908	0.7	3	8998.2903	2.2	2	9432.7323		1	9660.8855		1
7	2	5	9555.4483	0.0	2	9164.3476	0.1	3	9070.3533	0.1	2	9509.0803	2.7	2	9741.5285	0.9	2
7	3	5	9584.5445	0.4	4	9238.4707	0.3	4	9152.4097		1	9543.9856	0.8	4	9773.4411	0.2	2
7	3	4	9612.9816	1.0	4	9257.4809	0.5	2	9168.2820	0.2	3	9573.7647	1.1	2	9801.9232		1
7	4	4	9700.9271	0.7	3	9403.3184	0.5	2	9327.9690		1	9668.5499	0.7	2	9886.7479	1.8	2
7	4	3	9704.5113	0.9	3	9405.1456	0.8	2	9329.3765	0.1	2	9670.1705	1.2	2	9891.0864	1.3	2
7	5	3	9837.1972	0.3	2	9597.5350	0.5	6	9531.7002	5.6	2	9808.2013		1	10019.8711	2.5	3
7	5	2	9837.2979	0.7	3	9596.5650	1.5	3	9532.4079		1	9809.3656	3.1	3	10020.0971	0.7	4

Note. N is the number of lines used for the upper level determination and δ denotes the corresponding experimental uncertainties in 10⁻³ cm⁻¹. Energy level of H₂¹⁸O derived from the Kitt Peak's spectrum (see text) is marked by '*'.

Table 2 (continued)

J	K_a	K_c	(111)			(031)			(130)			(210)			(012)		
			E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N
12	1	12	10268.0091	0.2	2												
12	1	11	10497.6477	1.7	2	10147.0885		1									
12	2	11	10499.1563		1												
12	2	10	10695.9749		1												
12	3	10	10696.4263		1												
12	3	9	10852.6961		1												
12	4	9	10865.5871		1												
12	4	8	10949.0779		1												
12	5	8	11021.8901		1												
13	0	13	10505.2716		1												
13	1	13	10505.2758	1.2	2	10092.8928		1									
13	1	12	10755.8070		1												
13	2	12	10754.5100		1												
13	3	11	10972.7855		1												
13	4	10	11158.2653		1												
14	0	14	10759.3217		1												
14	1	14	10759.3226		1												
14	1	13	11030.3580		1												
15	0	15	11030.3626		1												
15	1	15	11030.3633		1												
			(050)														
5	4	1	8567.0539	2.9	2												
8	4	4	9077.3369		1												
9	5	5	9591.3716		1												
10	5	6	9832.7077	0.4	2												
			(060)														
5	1	5	9245.4613	0.3	2												

Table 1). The set of obtained energy levels was also compared with the one of [3]: 220 and 84 levels for H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O molecules, respectively (see also Table 1). We confirmed all but three levels of the H_2^{17}O molecule reported in [3], while nine levels, including the origin of the (012)–(000) band at 8967.4832 cm^{-1} were found to be incorrect (our value is 8967.5651 cm^{-1}) for H_2^{18}O . A set of 31 energy levels has been reported for the (031) state of H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O in a recent study [14]. They were derived from very weak transitions in the $6130\text{--}6749\text{ cm}^{-1}$ spectral region recorded by the extremely sensitive CRDS technique for natural water. Our analysis does not confirm three energy levels of this set. Thus, in total, we have derived 164 and 298 new energy levels for the H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O molecules, respectively. Though our energy levels agree well with [3] (absolute averaged deviation is 0.0024 cm^{-1}), individual levels may deviate significantly (up to 0.015 cm^{-1}) from [3]. We thus decided to provide the complete set of energy levels derived from the present assignment work. Their values should be more accurate since, as a rule, they have been retrieved from several lines allowing a check of combination differences.

It is well known that the deviations of the calculated energy levels [8] from the observed ones have a rather smooth behavior: they slowly change as J and K_a increase, providing a good criteria for the assignment especially for single lines. This smooth behavior is most evident for the Obs.–Calc. val-

ues of levels with the same K_a rotational numbers. So the observed trend of the $K_a = 0$ energy level deviations was used to evaluate the origin of the (210)–(000) band of H_2^{17}O at $8749.91 \pm 0.03\text{ cm}^{-1}$. In Table 1, it is also shown that the energy level predictions in [8] appear to be quite accurate, with the largest deviation from the experimental data not exceeding 0.19 cm^{-1} . At the same time, in Tables X and XI of [8] it was stated that the average deviation of calculated transition wavenumbers from the HITRAN-92 [15] database in the studied region varied from -0.64 cm^{-1} for the (111)–(000) band of H_2^{17}O up to -3.65 cm^{-1} for the (031)–(000) band of H_2^{18}O . This was reflecting the poor quality of the corresponding HITRAN-92 data for H_2^{18}O and H_2^{17}O (which were then transferred into HITRAN-2004), but did not correspond to the actual accuracy of the theoretical calculation.

The resonance interactions between ro-vibrational levels of the second hexad of H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O are similar to those of the H_2^{16}O molecule [1,2]. Some of the energy levels of both hexads are perturbed by levels of the highly excited bending states (050) and (060) (see Tables 2 and 3). Thus, a number of (050) energy levels of H_2^{18}O were derived from lines borrowing their intensities via Fermi and Coriolis-type interactions with the (031) and (130) states. Likewise, the strong (050) $10_{56}\text{--}9_{09}$ H_2^{17}O transition at 8950.713 cm^{-1} steals its intensity from the (111) $10_{010}\text{--}9_{09}$ resonance partner at 8945.5458 cm^{-1} . It is interesting to note that the same

Table 3
Rotational energy levels of H₂¹⁷O vibrational states (cm⁻¹)

J	K _a	K _c	(111)			(012)			(210)			(031)		
			E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N	E	δ	N
0	0	0	8792.5443		1	8982.8692		1				*8356.5313		1
1	0	1	8815.7545	0.2	2	9006.1954		1	8772.9704		1			
1	1	1	8829.8688	0.1	2	9019.7444	0.3	2				*8403.5824		1
1	1	0	8835.4547	0.0	2	9025.3958		1	8793.2636		1	*8409.7779		1
2	0	2	8860.7655	0.1	2	9051.3917	0.7	2				*8426.2457	7.6	2
2	1	2	8870.5157	0.3	3	9060.7656	0.3	2	8828.3017		1	*8445.0103		1
2	1	1	8886.2192	0.0	2	9077.6886	2.1	3				*8463.2279		1
2	2	1	8929.3877	0.5	3	9117.8866	0.8	4	8889.8602	0.8	3			
2	2	0	8930.7417	0.3	3	9119.3175	0.4	2	8890.1105		1	*8532.6860	2.6	2
3	0	3	8925.2870	0.1	2	9116.0888	0.5	2						
3	1	3	8930.8688	0.1	3	9121.4473	0.6	3	8888.4247		1	*8505.4366	6.7	2
3	1	2	8965.0545	0.3	2	9154.9697	0.6	3	8921.2799		1			
3	2	2	8998.7456	0.1	4	9187.9375	0.1	2	8957.0151	0.5	2	*8602.5490	1.5	3
3	2	1	9004.9940	0.2	2	9194.5220	0.6	3	8963.9899	0.7	2			
3	3	1	9082.2143	0.5	3	9268.4355		1	9044.0829		1	*8727.0129		1
3	3	0	9082.4329	0.1	2	9268.6766	1.0	2	9044.2465		1			
4	0	4	9007.4589	0.1	3	9198.4655	0.3	2	8964.2046		1	*8577.8934	1.7	2
4	1	4	9010.1996	0.8	3	9201.0892	1.3	2	8967.4343		1			
4	1	3	9064.8757	0.2	3	9255.5723		1				*8646.3262	1.4	2
4	2	3	9090.0839	0.8	3	9280.0684	1.2	4	9048.4160		1			
4	2	2	9106.4059	0.6	3	9297.2200		1				*8710.1476	1.6	2
4	3	2	9176.9216	0.7	4	9364.2649	0.5	2	9138.8170	0.8	3			
4	3	1	9178.3712	0.2	4	9365.8373	0.0	2	9139.9391		1			
4	4	1	9288.0333	0.2	2	9471.0681		1	9253.0748		1			
4	4	0	9288.0537	2.6	3	9471.1020		1						
5	0	5	9106.3939	0.1	2	9298.3655	1.2	4	9063.2495		1			
5	1	5	9107.8742	0.6	3	9299.1143	0.3	2	9064.7563		1	*8684.4547		1
5	1	4	9185.9102	0.0	2	9377.0960	0.7	3	9141.9062		1			
5	2	4	9202.5573	0.1	3	9393.3282	1.0	2				*8811.5577	2.1	2
5	2	3	9234.2192	0.3	3	9426.6692	1.2	3						
5	3	3	9294.5764	0.4	5	9483.7482		1	9257.2798	0.4	2			
5	3	2	9299.8240	1.7	3	9489.4091	0.3	2	9261.3852	0.5	2			
5	4	2	9406.8818	0.6	3	9591.5371		1				*9106.8935		1
5	4	1	9407.0722	0.9	3	9591.8174	0.8	2	9371.9933		1	9107.2626	0.6	2
5	5	1	9544.9168	0.3	2							9301.4159		1
5	5	0	9544.9129		1	9723.9264	1.1	2				9301.8318	1.5	2
6	0	6	9222.9386	0.2	2	9414.3616		1	9179.5200		1			
6	1	6	9223.4719	0.4	3	9415.3189	1.0	2				*8801.4042		1
6	1	5	9325.5689	0.2	4	9517.1606		1						
6	2	5	9335.2478	0.9	4	9526.8829	0.8	2	9293.0586		1			
6	2	4	9386.1248	0.6	3	9581.0228		1						
6	3	4	9436.2731	0.3	4	9626.1512	0.7	2	9399.6603	1.0	3			
6	3	3	9450.6120	0.2	4	9640.5230	1.1	2						
6	4	3	9549.7904	0.3	2	9736.1807	1.4	2	9514.1097		1			
6	4	2	9550.7569	0.3	4	9737.4655		1						
6	5	2	9687.5174		1	9869.6321	1.4	2				9447.5006		1
6	5	1	9687.5270		1	9869.6738		1				9446.3525	1.4	3
6	6	1	9850.2008		1	10024.6046		1	9824.9740		1			
6	6	0	9850.2003		1	10024.6011		1	9825.0101		1			
7	0	7	9356.5093		1	9548.4497		1						
7	1	7	9356.7629	0.4	2	9548.2114		1	9312.8144		1			
7	1	6	9482.1515	1.2	3	9673.6748		1	9438.3201		1			
7	2	6	9487.2435	0.5	3				9444.6131		1	*9104.5450		1
7	2	5	9569.2554	1.4	2	9757.8445		1						
7	3	5	9599.3574	1.9	4									
7	3	4	9627.3419	1.6	3									
7	4	4	9716.5126	0.2	3									
7	4	3	9719.9243	0.6	3	9908.8984	0.8	2						
7	5	3	9854.1266		1							9617.7A231		1
7	5	2	9854.2094	1.3	2	10039.3860		1						
7	6	2	10016.2132	0.4	2									
7	6	1	10016.2110	3.2	2									
7	7	1	10208.4619		1	10370.6726		1						

Table 3 (continued)

<i>J</i>	<i>K_a</i>	<i>K_c</i>	(111)			(012)			(210)			(031)		
			<i>E</i>	δ	<i>N</i>	<i>E</i>	δ	<i>N</i>	<i>E</i>	δ	<i>N</i>	<i>E</i>	δ	<i>N</i>
7	7	0	10208.4616		1	10370.6721		1						
8	0	8	9507.4409	0.7	2				9463.0110		1			
8	1	8	9507.5666	0.9	2	9699.7461		1	9463.1715		1			
8	1	7	9655.1953	1.7	2				9611.0492		1			
8	2	7	9657.8269	1.4	2	9849.3884	0.6	2						
8	2	6	9763.0938	1.2	3									
8	3	6	9783.5952		1				9737.8375		1			
8	3	5	9830.2278	0.1	3									
8	4	5	9906.5157		1	10096.5571		1	9871.5201		1			
8	4	4	9915.6450	0.0	2									
8	5	4	10044.7461	0.5	2	10232.4677		1						
8	5	3	10045.1807		1									
8	6	2	10206.1231	3.0	2									
8	7	2	10402.3326		1									
8	7	1	10402.3321		1									
9	0	9	9675.7964		1				9630.7474		1			
9	1	9	9676.0978	1.1	2									
9	1	8	9844.9033		1				9800.7626		1			
9	2	8	9847.1391	2.0	2									
9	2	7	9976.2661		1									
9	3	7	9987.9699	1.4	2							9656.1397		1
9	3	6	10058.4220		1									
9	4	6	10119.0230	1.7	2									
9	4	5	10138.6147		1									
9	5	5	10259.1713		1									
9	5	4	10260.8526		1									
9	6	4	10420.2441		1									
10	0	10	9863.6478		1									
10	1	10	9860.9429		1									
10	1	9	10051.6459	1.5	2									
10	2	9	10050.6830		1									
10	2	8	10206.7732		1									
10	3	8	10211.5093		1									
10	4	7	10353.1509		1				10304.5900		1			
10	4	6	10387.6128		1									
10	5	5	10501.8438		1									
10	6	5	10658.1751		1									
10	6	4	10657.5109		1									
11	0	11	10064.1752		1									
11	1	11	10064.1355		1									
11	1	10	10276.5986		1									
11	2	10	10274.5831		1									
11	2	9	10449.5938		1									
11	3	9	10453.3698		1									
11	4	8	10607.8914		1									
12	0	12	10283.9859		1									
12	1	12	10283.7440		1									
12	1	11	10513.9297		1									
12	2	11	10515.4069		1									
13	2	12	10771.0793		1									
						(130)			(050)			(060)		
						<i>E</i>	δ	<i>N</i>	<i>E</i>	δ	<i>N</i>	<i>E</i>	δ	<i>N</i>
6	5	2				9381.8005		1						
7	5	3				9549.3445		1						
8	5	4				9746.6103		1						
10	5	6				10198.2455		1	9858.8150		1			
6	1	6										9381.3462		1

Note. *N* is the number of lines used for the upper level determination and δ denotes the corresponding experimental uncertainties in 10^{-3}cm^{-1} . Energy levels derived from the Hefei's spectrum (see text) are marked by*.*.

(050) [10 5 6] energy level for the H_2^{16}O molecule was recently observed through 6 lines resulting from the resonance interaction with the (111)–(000) band in [16]. Another type of high-order local resonance interaction also caused considerable intensity transfer from the (210)–(000) band lines of H_2^{18}O to weak resonance partners of the (060)–(000) band, which made it possible to observe 3 lines of the latter band involving the [515] energy level of the (060) state. Similarly, the (060) [616] energy level of H_2^{17}O at 9381.3462 cm^{-1} was observable through a resonance with the (111) [624] level. This unusual type of resonance interaction was observed for the first time in [1,2] and was later explained [16] as resulting from the strong centrifugal distortion effect typical of the H_2O molecule and resulting in a crossing of rotational levels of the highly excited bending states with ro-vibrational levels not belonging to the same normal mode polyad.

5. Conclusion

The high-resolution FT absorption spectra of H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O were recorded and analyzed for the first time in the $8000\text{--}9400\text{ cm}^{-1}$ spectral region. This led to the determination of a large set of 164 and 298 new accurate energy levels for five vibrational states belonging to the second hexad of the H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O molecules. Strong perturbations of the (210), (111) vibrational states caused by high-order interactions with the large ν_2 bending (050) and (060) states were evidenced. The recent extensive predictions of water vapor line positions using a potential function retrieved from ab initio calculations and experimental data [8,9] proved to be of high quality for the analysis of the H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O absorption spectra. According to our study, it can be stated that in the $8000\text{--}9400\text{ cm}^{-1}$ spectral region, the HITRAN-2004 database contains more than 900 “simulated” H_2^{17}O and H_2^{18}O absorption lines which may deviate in position by up to -4.2 cm^{-1} from precise experimental data. Clearly, the present work has improved and extended our knowledge of water vapor absorption in the near IR.

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Appendix A. Supplementary data

Supplementary data for this article are available on ScienceDirect (www.sciencedirect.com) and as part of the Ohio State University Molecular Spectroscopy Archives (http://msa.lib.ohio-state.edu/jmsa_hp.htm).

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