

RIEMANNIAN GEOMETRY
EXERCISE 2

1. (Lobatchevski plane) Let M be the upper half-plane $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y > 0\}$, with the Riemannian metric

$$\frac{1}{y^2}(dx \otimes dx + dy \otimes dy).$$

- (i) Compute the Christoffel symbols and write down the system of differential equations satisfied by the geodesics.
- (ii) Prove that the curves $\gamma : (0, +\infty) \rightarrow M$, $t \mapsto (x_0, e^{ct})$, where $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$, $c > 0$, are geodesics.
- (iii) Let $0 < a < b < +\infty$. Let γ be as in (ii) and $\sigma : [a, b] \rightarrow M$ be a piecewise smooth curve connecting $\gamma(a)$ and $\gamma(b)$. Prove that

$$\text{Length}(\sigma|_{[a,b]}) \geq \text{Length}(\gamma|_{[a,b]}).$$

Characterize the cases when the equality holds.

- (iv) At $p = (0, 1) \in M$, compute $\exp_p((0, \eta))$, where $(0, \eta) \in T_p M$ (we identify $T_p M$ with \mathbb{R}^2 here); Recall the map $d\exp_p((0, \eta)) : T_{(0,\eta)}(T_p M) \rightarrow T_p M$. For $(0, 1) \in T_{(0,\eta)}(T_p M)$, compute $d\exp_p((0, \eta))((0, 1))$.
- (v) Prove that the transformation

$$z \rightarrow \frac{az + b}{cz + d}, \quad z = x + iy, \quad ad - bc = 1,$$

is an isometry of M .

- (vi) Use (ii) and (v) to deduce that the upper unit semicircle are geodesics.

2. (Geodesics on $P^n(\mathbb{R})$)

- (i) Prove that the antipodal mapping $A : S^n \rightarrow S^n$ given by $A(p) = -p$ is an isometry of S^n .
- (ii) Introduce a Riemannian metric on the real projective space $P^n(\mathbb{R})$ such that the natural projection $\pi : S^n \rightarrow P^n(\mathbb{R})$ is a local isometry.
- (iii) Show that the geodesics of $P^n(\mathbb{R})$ are periodic with period π .

3. Assume that (M, g) has the property that all normal geodesics exist for a fixed time $\epsilon > 0$. Show that (M, g) is geodesically complete.

4. Let (M, g) be a metrically complete Riemannian manifold and \tilde{g} is another metric on M such that $\tilde{g} \geq g$. Show that (M, \tilde{g}) is also metrically complete.

5. Let (M, g) be a Riemannian manifold which admits a proper Lipschitz function $f : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Show that (M, g) is complete. (Recall that a function between topological spaces is called proper if inverse images of compact subsets are compact.)