

Real Analysis Problem Set 8, Part 2

04/26/2018

Due 05/03, before class

1. Let (X, \mathcal{F}) be a measurable space. Prove:

- (1) $A \in \mathcal{F} \Leftrightarrow X_A$ is measurable
- (2) If f, g are \mathbb{R} -valued (or $(0, +\infty)$ -valued) measurable functions, so are $cf, f+g, fg$
- (3) If $\varphi: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is continuous, $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is measurable, then $\varphi \circ f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is measurable
- (4) If f_n are measurable functions, then $\limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n, \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n, \sup f_n, \inf f_n$ are measurable.

2. Prove the monotone convergence theorem [Page 3 on the notes.]

3. Prove the Borel-Cantelli lemma: Let A_1, A_2, \dots be measurable sets in a measure space (X, \mathcal{F}, μ) , such that

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mu(A_n) < +\infty.$$

Then almost every $x \in X$ is contained in at most finitely many of the A_n 's.

~~Then~~ give a counterexample that shows that the conclusion could fail if one replace the condition $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mu(A_n) < +\infty$ by $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mu(A_n) = 0$.

4. Let (X, \mathcal{F}) , (Y, \mathcal{G}) be measurable spaces, and $\varphi: X \rightarrow Y$ a measurable map.

Suppose ~~μ~~ μ is a measure on (X, \mathcal{F}) . We define a "push-forward measure" $\varphi_* \mu$ on (Y, \mathcal{G}) by

$$(\varphi_* \mu)(B) := \mu(\varphi^{-1}(B)), \quad \forall B \in \mathcal{G}.$$

(1) Prove: $\varphi_* \mu$ is a measure on (Y, \mathcal{G}) .

(2) Let $f: Y \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be either a non-negative measurable function or an integrable function.

Prove: $\int_X f \circ \varphi \, d\mu = \int_Y f \, d\varphi_* \mu$.