

Due 05/07, before class

1. Let μ^* be an outer measure on X . Suppose $\mu^*(A) < +\infty$.

Prove: $|\mu^*(A) - \mu^*(B)| \leq \mu^*(A \Delta B)$, $\forall B \subset X$.

2. An outer measure μ^* on X is called regular if for any $A \subset X$, there is a Caratheodory measurable set $B \supset A$ s.t. $\mu^*(A) = \mu^*(B)$.

~~Now~~ Now suppose μ^* is a regular outer measure on X , and suppose $\mu^*(X) < +\infty$.

Prove: A set $A \subset X$ is measurable $\Leftrightarrow \mu^*(A) + \mu^*(X \setminus A) = \mu^*(X)$.

3. Let $\mathcal{B}$ be a Boolean algebra on X , and $\mu_0: \mathcal{B} \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$ a premeasure.

Let μ^* and $\mathcal{F}$ be the outer measure and the σ -algebra that are constructed in the proof of Hahn-Kolmogorov theorem (Page 5 of the notes).

Now suppose ν is another measure on $\mathcal{F}$ s.t. $\nu|_{\mathcal{B}} = \mu_0$.

Prove: (1) $\nu(A) \leq \mu(A)$, $\forall A \in \mathcal{F}$

(2) If $\mu(A) < +\infty$ and $A \in \mathcal{F}$, then $\mu(A) = \nu(A)$.

(3) If μ_0 is σ -finite (i.e. $X = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$, $\mu_0(X_n) < +\infty$), then $\mu = \nu$ on $\mathcal{F}$.

[$\leadsto$ the uniqueness of product measure for two σ -finite measure spaces.]

4. Let $\mathcal{B} = \{A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_k : A_i = (a_i, b_i] \cap \mathbb{Q}, k \in \mathbb{N}\}$.

NOT required

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Prove: (1) $\mathcal{B}$ is a Boolean algebra.

(2) The σ -algebra generated by $\mathcal{B}$ is $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Q})$.

(3). Define $\mu_0: \mathcal{B} \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$ by $\mu_0(\emptyset) = 0$ and $\mu_0(A) = \infty$ for $A \neq \emptyset$.

Then μ_0 is a premeasure, and there is more than one measure on $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Q})$ whose restriction to $\mathcal{B}$ is μ_0 .