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#### Decay of Loschmidt Echo at a Critical Point in the Lipkin–Meshkov–Glick model \*

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An analytical expression of the Loschmidt echo in the Lipkin–Meshkov–Glick model is derived in the thermodynamical limit. It is used in the study of the decaying behaviour of the echo at the critical point of a quantum phase transition of the model. It is shown that the echo has a power law decay for relatively long times.

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Quantum phase transitions (QPTs), i.e., fundamental changes of properties of the ground states of systems at zero-temperature, are crucial in the explanation of many properties of phase transitions observed experimentally at low temperature.<sup>[1]</sup> Conventional techniques dealing with thermal phase transitions, in particular, the concepts of order parameter and symmetry-breaking, are useful in the study of QPT, but can not reveal all their properties. Recently, quantum-information concepts such as entanglement<sup>[2-4]</sup> and fidelity<sup>[5-12]</sup> have also been found to be useful in characterizing QPT.

As shown by Quan *et al.*,<sup>[5]</sup> a special type of fidelity, the so-called quantum Loschmidt echo (LE), may undergo relatively fast and deep decay at critical points of QPT, hence may reveal positions of the critical points (also see Ref. [11]). The LE was first introduced by Peres<sup>[13]</sup> and has been studied extensively recently in both quantum chaotic and regular systems.<sup>[14,15]</sup> It is a measure of the stability of quantum motion under small perturbation, defined as the overlap of the time evolution of the same initial state under two slightly different Hamiltonians H and  $H' = H + \epsilon V$ . Specifically, the LE is  $M(t) = |m(t)|^2$ , where

$$m(t) = \langle \Psi_0 | \exp(iH't/\hbar) \exp(-iHt/\hbar) | \Psi_0 \rangle, \qquad (1)$$

where H is an unperturbed Hamiltonian, V is a perturbation, and  $\epsilon$  is a small quantity. In the study of QPT,  $|\Psi_0\rangle$  is chosen as the ground state of  $H^{[5,11,12]}$ . It is clear from the definition of LE that it is suitable in characterizing the sensitivity of quantum motion near a critical point.

Compared with the static fidelity as the overlap of ground states, [6-10] the LE is a dynamical quantity that is determined by properties of both ground states and some low-lying excited states, hence the LE may reveal more properties of QPT than static fidelity. A question of particular interest is about the decaying law of the LE in the vicinity of QPT, the knowledge of which may be useful in the classification of QPT.<sup>[12]</sup>

There have been only a few analytical results concerning this problem: Direct analytical derivation shows that the LE has an initial parabolic decay in an Ising chain;<sup>[5]</sup> while a semiclassical analysis shows that the LE may have a power law or an exponential decay for relatively long times in certain different types of models.<sup>[12]</sup> Therefore, it would be of interest to derive analytical expression for the LE decay at QPT in some concrete model(s).

In this Letter, we study the LE decay in the Lipkin–Meshkov–Glick (LMG) model,<sup>[16]</sup> which was first proposed to describe shape phase transition in nuclei physics. Collective motion in the two-orbital LMG model can be studied analytically,<sup>[17]</sup> in particular, in the thermodynamic limit.<sup>[18,19]</sup> Recently, static properties like the fidelity susceptibility<sup>[20]</sup> and entanglement entropy<sup>[21]</sup> have been studied in the vicinity of the critical point of the QPT in this model; while its dynamical properties are still unclear.

In the following, we show that, in certain parameter regimes, an explicit analytical expression of the dynamical quantity LE can be derived in the thermodynamical limit in this model. The expression is found to be useful in the study of the decaying behavior of the LE in the vicinity of the critical point. In particular, it confirms a general semiclassical prediction given in Ref. [12], i.e., for relatively-long times the LE has a power-law decay near the QPT in systems like the LMG model. It is worth mentioning that this prediction has already been checked numerically in another model belonging to the same universal class,<sup>[12]</sup> namely, the Dicke model with the entanglement and fidelity having been studied recently.<sup>[22]</sup>

We discuss the LMG model in the thermodynam-In the two-orbital LMG model for Nical limit. interacting particles, in terms of Pauli matrices  $\sigma_{\alpha}$  $(\alpha = x, y, z)$ , the Hamiltonian can be written as<sup>[20]</sup>

$$H(\gamma,h) = -h\sum_{i=1}^{N} \sigma_z^i - \frac{1}{N}\sum_{i< j} (\sigma_x^i \sigma_x^j + \gamma \sigma_y^i \sigma_y^j).$$
(2)

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We consider the parameter regime,  $0 \leq |\gamma| < 1.0$  and h > 0. In studying the collective motion of the model, it would be convenient to write the Hamiltonian in terms of the total spin operator  $S_{\alpha} = \sum \sigma_{\alpha}^{i}/2$ ,

$$H(\gamma, h) = -\frac{2}{N}(S_x^2 + \gamma S_y^2) - 2hS_z + (1+\gamma)/2, \quad (3)$$

where S indicates the largest eigenvalue of  $S_z$ , S = N/2.

In order to diagonalize the Hamiltonian in the thermodynamic limit, following Ref. [18], one may perform a rotation,

$$\begin{pmatrix} S_x \\ S_y \\ S_z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta_0 & 0 & \sin\theta_0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin\theta_0 & 0 & \cos\theta_0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \bar{S}_x \\ \bar{S}_y \\ \bar{S}_z \end{pmatrix}, \quad (4)$$

where  $\cos \theta_0 = h$  for h < 1 and  $\cos \theta_0 = 1$ for h > 1. Making use of the Holstein–Primakoff transformation,<sup>[23]</sup> we have

$$\bar{S}_{z} = S - a^{\dagger}a, 
\bar{S}_{+} = (2S - a^{\dagger}a)^{1/2}a, 
\bar{S}_{-} = a^{\dagger}(2S - a^{\dagger}a)^{1/2}.$$
(5)

One may write the Hamiltonian in terms of a and  $a^{\dagger}$ , where  $a^{\dagger}$  and a are the bosonic creation and annihilation operators, respectively, satisfying  $[a, a^{\dagger}] = 1$ . Then, expanding the term  $(2S - a^{\dagger}a)^{1/2}$  in the Hamiltonian in the power of 1/N and considering low-lying energy eigenstates in the thermodynamic limit, the Hamiltonian H can be written as

$$H(\gamma, h) = \Delta_B a^{\dagger} a + \Gamma_B (a^{\dagger^2} + a^2), \qquad (6)$$

where  $\Delta_B = 2 + 2h \cos \theta_0 - 3 \cos^2 \theta_0 - \gamma$ ,  $\Gamma_B = (\gamma - \cos^2 \theta_0)/2$ . In Eq. (6), we have omitted a term that is a constant for finite N and may go to infinity in the limit  $N \to \infty$ . We remark that Eq. (6), which is derived for low-lying energy eigenstates, is sufficient for our purpose of studying the LE of an initial ground state.

Finally, by a standard Bogoliubov transformation,

$$a_{\Theta}^{\dagger} = \cosh\left(\Theta/2\right)a^{\dagger} - \sinh\left(\Theta/2\right)a,$$
 (7)

$$a_{\Theta} = -\sinh\left(\Theta/2\right)a^{\dagger} + \cosh\left(\Theta/2\right)a, \qquad (8)$$

the Hamiltonian in Eq. (6) can be diagonalized,

$$H(\gamma, h) = \Delta a_{\Theta}^{\dagger} a_{\Theta}, \qquad (9)$$

where

$$\Delta = 2[(h-1)(h-\gamma)]^{\frac{1}{2}}, \quad \tanh \Theta = \frac{1-\gamma}{2h-1-\gamma}, \ (10)$$

for h > 1, and

$$\Delta = 2[(1-h^2)(1-\gamma)]^{\frac{1}{2}}, \quad \tanh \Theta = \frac{h^2 - \gamma}{2 - h^2 - \gamma}, \quad (11)$$
080301

for h < 1. An unimportant constant term in the expression (9) is also omitted. Thus, eigenstates of  $H(\gamma, h)$  can be written as

$$|n\rangle_{\Theta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n!}} \left(a_{\Theta}^{\dagger}\right)^{n} |0\rangle_{\Theta}, \qquad (12)$$

with eigenenergies  $E_n = n\Delta$  for  $n = 0, 1, 2, \cdots$ .

Equations (10) and (11) show that when h approaches 1 from both sides,  $\Delta \to 0$ . This implies that the system is infinitely degenerate with zero energy gap at h = 1, having one energy level only. In other words, when h approaches 1 from both sides, all the levels join in the ground level at h = 1. Therefore, the system undergoes a quantum phase transition at the critical point  $h_c = 1$ . The phase with h > 1 is usually called the symmetric phase and the phase with h < 1 the broken phase.

Now, we study the LE of an initial ground state  $|\Psi_0\rangle$  that is prepared in  $|0\rangle_{\Theta}$ , the ground state of H. From the definition (1) and the diagonal form of  $H' \equiv H(\gamma', h')$  given by Eq. (9), we have

$$M(t) \simeq \left| \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |_{\Theta} \langle 0|n \rangle_{\Theta'} |^2 e^{in\Delta(\gamma',h')t} \right|^2, \qquad (13)$$

where we write the dependence of  $\Delta$  on  $(\gamma', h')$  explicitly and set Planck constant to be unit,  $\hbar = 1$ . We have assumed that Eq. (9) holds for all the states  $|n\rangle_{\Theta'}$  that have non-negligible overlap with  $|0\rangle_{\Theta}$ . This is valid when studying the LE induced by a small perturbation, i.e., when  $(\gamma, h)$  is sufficiently close to  $(\gamma', h')$ .

In order to derive an explicit expression for  $_{\Theta}\langle 0|n\rangle_{\Theta'}$  in Eq. (13), we consider the two cases: (1) the symmetric phase with arbitrary values of h, h' > 1 and (2) the special broken phase with h = h' < 1. In both cases, the two systems  $H(\gamma, h)$  and  $H(\gamma', h')$  have the same creation and annihilation operators a and  $a^{\dagger}$ , which can be seen from Eqs. (4) and (5). Then, from Eqs. (7) and (8), we obtain

$$a_{\Theta'}^{\dagger} = \cosh\left(\frac{\Theta' - \Theta}{2}\right) a_{\Theta}^{\dagger} - \sinh\left(\frac{\Theta' - \Theta}{2}\right) a_{\Theta}, \quad (14)$$
$$a_{\Theta'} = -\sinh\left(\frac{\Theta' - \Theta}{2}\right) a_{\Theta}^{\dagger} + \cosh\left(\frac{\Theta' - \Theta}{2}\right) a_{\Theta}. \quad (15)$$

Substituting Eq. (15) into the relation  $a_{\Theta'}|0\rangle_{\Theta'} = 0$ and expanding  $|0\rangle_{\Theta'}$  in  $|n\rangle_{\Theta}$ , we find the following expansion of  $|0\rangle_{\Theta'}$ ,

$$|0\rangle_{\Theta'} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{C}} \sum_{n=0}^{S} \sqrt{\frac{(2n-1)!!}{(2n)!!}} \tanh^n \left(\frac{\Theta' - \Theta}{2}\right) |2n\rangle_{\Theta},$$
(16)

where C is a normalization constant,

$$C = \sum_{n=0}^{S} \frac{(2n-1)!!}{(2n)!!} \tanh^{2n}(\Theta'/2 - \Theta/2).$$
(17)

Then, substituting Eq. (16) into Eq. (13), we get

$$M(t) = \left| \frac{1}{C} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n-1)!!}{(2n)!!} \tanh^{2n} \left( \frac{\Theta' - \Theta}{2} \right) \right| \times e^{i2n\Delta(\gamma',h')t} \right|^2.$$

After some algebra, this expression of M(t) can be simplified and we find the following simple expression of the LE,

$$M(t) = \left[1 + q^2 \sin^2 \left(\Delta(\gamma', h')t\right)\right]^{-1/2},$$
 (18)

where

$$q = \left| \frac{2 \tanh(\Theta'/2 - \Theta/2)}{1 - \tanh^2(\Theta'/2 - \Theta/2)} \right|.$$
(19)

We remark that, as mentioned above, Eq. (18) holds in both the case of symmetric phase with h, h' > 1 and the case of h = h' in the broken phase with h, h' < 1. In the case of  $h \neq h'$  in the broken phase, a and  $a^{\dagger}$  are different in the two systems  $H(\gamma, h)$  and  $H(\gamma', h')$ , and it turns out that deriving a concise expression for the LE in this case is much more difficult than that for Eq. (18); we are not to discuss this case in this study.



Fig. 1. (Color online) Variation of the LE M(t) with time for h = 1.1, and h' = h + 0.4 in the symmetric phase with  $\gamma = \gamma' = 0.5$ . The solid curve represents the analytical prediction of the LE given in Eq. (18) for the thermodynamic limit. Circles and triangles up and down give numerically computed LE for systems with  $N = 2^{11}$ ,  $2^{12}$ , and  $2^{13}$ , respectively.

To check the validity of Eq. (18), we compare its prediction with numerically computed M(t) for large but finite N. As shown in Figs. 1 and 2, the agreements are good. In calculating M(t) for finite N, we use its definition in Eq. (1) and employ the method of direct numerical diagonalization of the Hamiltonian.

Equation (18) shows that the LE is a periodic function, with period T determined by the system  $H(h', \gamma')$ ,

$$T = \pi / \Delta(\gamma', h'). \tag{20}$$

For h' near the critical point  $h_c = 1$ , according to Eqs. (10) and (11), the period has the following scaling behavior,

$$T = A \left| h' - 1 \right|^{-1/2}, \tag{21}$$

where  $A = \pi/(2\sqrt{h'-\gamma'})$  for h' > 1 in the symmetry phase and  $A \simeq \pi/(2\sqrt{2-2\gamma'})$  for h' < 1 in the broken phase. The period becomes infinite in the limit  $h' \to h_c = 1$ .



**Fig. 2.** (Color online) The same as Fig. 1 but for h = h' = 0.5 in the broken phase with  $\gamma = 0.5, \gamma' = \gamma + 0.45$ . Triangles and circles are for  $N = 2^{12}$  and  $2^{13}$ , respectively.



**Fig. 3.** (Color online) Decay of the LE near the critical point,  $h - 1 = 10^{-5}$ , h' = h + 0.1,  $\gamma = \gamma' = 0.5$ . Solid squares represent the predictions of Eq. (18) and the solid line is a fit given by a 1/t decay.

It is also of interest to study the decay of the LE M(t) for t < T/2. For sufficiently small |h - 1|, Eq. (18) shows that for short times satisfying  $qt\Delta(\gamma, h') \ll 1$ , the LE has an initial parabolic decay, a result that can also be obtained by a perturbation theory,

$$M(t) \simeq 1 - \frac{1}{2}q^2 \Delta^2(\gamma, h')t^2.$$
<sup>(22)</sup>

For intermediate times satisfying  $1 \ll qt\Delta(\gamma, h')$  the LE has a power law decay,

$$M(t) \simeq \frac{1}{q\Delta(\gamma, h')t} \sim t^{-1}, \qquad (23)$$

as illustrated in Fig. 3.

080301-3

The prediction of power law decay in Eq. (23) confirms a general semiclassical analysis given in Ref. [12], which shows that the LE may have a power law decay at the QPT of a system when the following requirements are satisfied: That is, the system has an infinitely-degenerate ground level at the critical point and has a classical counterpart with one-degree of freedom. It is easy to see that the LMG model satisfies these requirements.

In summary, we have studied the LE of initial ground states in the LMG model near the critical point. An analytical expression of the LE is derived for certain parameter regimes in the thermodynamical limit. In the neighborhood of the critical point, the LE has an initial parabolic decay followed by a 1/t decay, and oscillates for a long time.

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### Chinese Physics Letters

Volume 27 Number 8 2010

GENERAL

- 080201 Symmetry of Lagrangians of Nonholonomic Controllable Mechanical Systems XIA Li-Li, CAI Jian-Le
- 080202 A Field Integration Method for a Weakly Nonholonomic System MEI Feng-Xiang, CUI Jin-Chao, CHANG Peng
- 080301 Decay of Loschmidt Echo at a Critical Point in the Lipkin–Meshkov–Glick model WANG Ping, ZHENG Qiang, WANG Wen-Ge
- 080302 Quantum Model of Bertrand Duopoly Salman Khan, M. Ramzan, M. K. Khan
- 080303 Error Tolerance in Constructing Cluster States JIANG Feng-Jian, SHI Ming-Jun, CHONG Bo, DU Jiang-Feng
- 080304 Two Methods to Dynamics of Cavityless Optomechanical Systems XIANG Shao-Hua, WEN Wei
- 080305 Ground State Energy of One-Dimensional  $\delta$ -Function Interacting Bose and Fermi Gas YOU Yi-Zhuang
- 080501 Spin 1/2 Fermions in 1D Harmonic Trap with Repulsive Delta Function Interparticle Interaction

MA Zhong-Qi, C. N. Yang

- 080502 Effect of Time-Delay in the Logistic Growth Model Driven by Weak Signal and White Noise ZHOU Yu-Rong
- 080503 Dynamics of Fokker–Planck Equation with Logarithmic Coefficients and Its Application in **Econophysics** C.F. Lo
- 080504 Density Profile of a Hard Disk Liquid System under Gravity ZHANG Ping, CAI Liang, LIAN Zeng-Ju, PAN Xiao-Yin
- 080505 Structural Stability and Elastic Properties of Wurtzite TlN under Hydrostatic Pressure SHI Li-Wei, DUAN Yi-Feng, QIN Li-Xia
- 080506 Chaotic Dynamics in a Sine Square Map: High-Dimensional Case  $(N \ge 3)$ XU Jie, LONG Ke-Ping, FOURNIER-PRUNARET Danièle, TAHA Abdel-Kaddous, CHARGE Pascal

#### THE PHYSICS OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES AND FIELDS

081201 Charged Top-Pion Production at  $e^+e^-$  and  $\gamma\gamma$  Colliders HOU Hong-Sheng

#### NUCLEAR PHYSICS

082601 The Main Path to C, N, O Elements in Big Bang Nucleosynthesis HOU Su-Qing, WU Kai-Su, CHEN Yong-Shou, SHU Neng-Chuan, LI Zhi-Hong

082701 A New High-Spin Level Scheme of <sup>128</sup>I WANG Hai-Xia, ZHANG Yu-Hu, DING-Bing, ZHOU Xiao-Hong, ZHANG Ning-Tao, LIU Min-Liang, MA Ying-Jun, Y. Sasakiz, K. Yamada, H. Ohshima, S. Yokose, M. Ishizuka, T. Komatsubara, K. Furuno

#### ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR PHYSICS

- 083101 Generation of Two-Atom Maximal Entanglement and Quantum Information Transfer via Microtoroidal Cavity-Atom System BAO Ri-Yan, WANG Xiao-Hua, HUANG Yan-Tang
- m a Harmonic Trap 083102 Antiferromagnetism of Repulsively Interacting Fermions in a Harmonic Trap QI Jian-Qing, WANG Lei, DAI Xi

083201 Realization of an <sup>85</sup>Rb Atomic Fountain LI Tang, WEI Rong, SHI Chun-Yan, ZHOU Zi-Chao, LV De-Sheng, WANG Yu-Zhu

- 083202 Multiphoton Ionization from Multiple Orbitals of N<sub>2</sub> in Strong Laser Fields WANG Yang, KANG Hui-Peng, QUAN Wei, ZHANG Xiao-Yin, LIN Zhi-Yang, WU Ming-Yan, LIU Hong-Ping, LIU Xiao-Jun
- 083301 Effect of Laser Injection Seeder on Rotationally Resolved Spectra of Benzonitrile XU Hai-Feng, JOHNSON Philip M., SEARS Trevor J.
- 083401 Effect of Reagent Vibrational and Rotational Excitation on the  $F+H_2$  Reaction: Theoretical Study of the Stereodynamics Using Quasi-Classical Trajectory Method WANG Ping

FUNDAMENTAL AREAS OF PHENOMENOLOGY (INCLUDING **APPLICATIONS**)

084201 Proposal of an Ultracompact Triplexer Using Photonic Crystal Waveguide with an Air Holes Array

HE Ling-Juan, XU Xu-Ming, LIU Nian-Hua, YU Tian-Bao, FANG Li-Guang, LIAO Qing-Hua

084202 Experimental Study on Influence of Atmospheric Turbulence on Coherence of Dual-Frequency Laser

WANG Sheng, YANG Su-Hui, WU Xia, ZHAO Chang-Ming, HU Qi-Hai

- 084203 Waveguide Bend of 90° in Two-Dimensional Triangular Lattice Silicon Photonic Crystal Slabs ZHOU Chang-Zhu, LIU Ya-Zhao, LI Zhi-Yuan
- 084204 Solitons with Periodic Behavior in an SBN:75 Photorefractive Crystal GUO Qing-Lin, DENG Gui-Ying, LIANG Bao-Lai, LI Pan-Lai, LI Yan, LI Xu
- 084301 Frequency Dependence of Transverse Correlation Coefficient in the Yellow Sea ZHANG Yan-Jun, ZHANG Ren-He, LI Feng-Hua
- 084302 Two-Dimensional Lorentz Force Image Reconstruction for Magnetoacoustic Tomography with **Magnetic Induction**

LI Yi-Ling, LIU Zhen-Bo, MA Qing-Yu, GUO Xia-Sheng, ZHANG Dong

084303 Inversion for Sound Speed Profile by Using a Bottom Mounted Horizontal Line Array in Shallow Water

LI Feng-Hua, ZHANG Ren-He

084701 Numerical Investigation on Inviscid Instability of Streaky Structures in Incompressible Boundary Layer Flow

LIU Jian-Xin, LUO Ji-Sheng

- 084702 Effect of Center-of-Mass Motion Removal in the Molecular Dynamics Simulations WAN Rong-Zheng, LI Song-Yan, FANG Hai-Ping
- 084703 On the Generalized Continuity Equation Arbab I. Arbab, Hisham. M. Widatallah

#### PHYSICS OF GASES, PLASMAS, AND ELECTRIC DISCHARGES

085201 A Comparison Study of Three CESE Schemes in MHD Simulation JI Zhen, ZHOU Yu-Fen

## CONDENSED MATTER: STRUCTURE, MECHANICAL AND THERMAL reggers PROPERTIES

- 086101 Morphology and Wettability of [Bmim][PF<sub>6</sub>] Ionic Liquid on HOPG Substrate ZHANG Fu-Chun, SHA Mao-Lin, REN Xiu-Ping, WU Guo-Zhong, HU Jun, ZHANG Yi
- 086102 Electron-phonon Coupling in Gallium-Doped Germanium DAI Jun, LI Zhen-Yu, YANG Jin-Long
- 086103 Characteristic Sizes for Exhaustion-Hardening Mechanism of Compressed Cu Single-Crystal Micropillars

GAO Yuan, ZHUANG Zhuo, LIU Zhan-Li, ZHAO Xue-Chuan, ZHANG Zhao-Hui

086104	Maximal Coordinator Number of Potassium, Rubidium, Caesium and Francium Ions in Gaseous Water
086105	Energetic Evolution of Single-Crystalline ZnO Nanowires and Nanotubes
	LI Li-Juan, ZHAO Ming-Wen, JI Yan-Ju, LI Feng, LIU Xiang-Dong
086106	Synthesis of Nanocrystalline Cubic Hamium Nitride by Reactive Mechanical Alloying DING Zhan-Hui Olli Li-Xia YAO Bin ZHAO Xu-Dong LU Feng-Guo LIU Xiao-Yang
086201	Dynamic Fracture Toughness and Failure Mechanisms of ZnO Whiskers Secondary Reinforced Composites
	RONG Ji-Li, WANG Xi, CAO Mao-Sheng, XU Tian-Fu
086401	FAN Da-Wei, ZHOU Wen-Ge, WEI Shu-Yi, LIU Jing, LI Yan-Chun, JIANG Sheng, XIE Hong-Sen
086801	Heterojunction Effect in Weak Epitaxy Growth Thin Films Investigated by Kelvin Probe Force
	HUANG Hai-Chao, WANG Hai-Bo, YAN Dong-Hang
086802	Strain-Driven Formation of Nanostripes on In/Si(113) Surface
	XU Mao-Jie, DOU Xiao-Ming
	CONDENSED MATTER: ELECTRONIC STRUCTURE, ELECTRICAL, MAGNETIC, AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES
087201	$\label{eq:composition-Dependent Characterization of $\mathbf{Sb}_2\mathbf{Te}_3$ Thin Films Prepared by Ion Beam Sput-$
	tering Deposition
087202	Kondo Effect in Self-Assembled Manganese Phthalocyanine Monolaver on Pb Islands
00.202	JI Shuai-Hua, FU Ying-Shuang, ZHANG Tong, CHEN Xi, JIA Jin-Feng, XUE Qi-Kun, MA Xu-Cun
087203	Electrical Field Distribution in Terahertz SI-GaAs Photoconductive Antennas
087204	SHI Wei, ZHANG Zhen-Zhen, HOU Lei Numerical Analysis of Alternating-Current Small-Signal Response in Graphene Nanoribbons
087204	CHEN Zhi-Dong, ZHANG Jin-Yu, YU Zhi-Ping
087205	Spin Filter of Graphene Nanoribbon Based Structure
087301	WAN Lang-Hui, YU Yun-Jin, WANG Bin Discrete Charge Storage Nonvolatile Memory Based on Si Nanocrystals with Nitridation
007501	Treatment
	ZHANG Xian-Gao, CHEN Kun-Ji, FANG Zhong-Hui, QIAN Xin-Ye, LIU Guang-Yuan, JIANG Xiao-Fan,
	MA Zhong-Yuan, XU Jun, HUANG Xin-Fan, JI Jian-Xin, HE Fei, SONG Kuang-Bao, ZHANG Jun, WAN Hui, WANG Bong Hua
087302	Characteristics in AlN/AlGaN/GaN Multilayer-Structured High-Electron-Mobility Transis-
	tors
	HU Gui-Zhou, YANG Ling, YANG Li-Yuan, QUAN Si, JIANG Shou-Gao, MA Ji-Gang, MA Xiao-Hua,
087303	Co-occurrence of Dominant Direct and Indirect Transitions in Low Temperature Sputtered
	Indium Tin Oxide Thin Films on Polymers
097401	YIN Xue-Song, TANG Wu, WENG Xiao-Long, DENG Long-Jiang
087401	Grown with Traveling Solvent Floating Zone Method
	ZHAO Lin, ZHANG Wen-Tao, LIU Hai-Yun, MENG Jian-Qiao, LIU Guo-Dong, LU Wei, DONG Xiao-Li,
087409	ZHOU Xing-Jiang Non-Adjabatic Effects of Superconductor Silano under High Pressure
087402	FAN Wei, WANG Jiang-Long, ZOU Liang-Jian, ZENG Zhi
087403	Decomposition of Gauge Potential in Ginzburg–Landau Theory
	LI Jian-Feng, JIANG Yu, SUN Wei-Min, WANG Fan, ONG Hong-Shi
	K GY SE
	SS IGNE
	Cor-
	6)

- 087404 Performance of Superconducting Nanowire Single-Photon Detection System SHEN Xiao-Fang, YANG Xiao-Yan, YOU Li-Xing
- 087405 Non-Invasive Measurements of Thickness of Superconductor Films by Using Two-Resonant-Mode Rutile Resonator JUNG Ho Sang, YANG Woo II, LEE Jae Hun, SOHN Jae Min, CHOO Kee Nam, KIM Bong Goo, LEE Sang Young
- 087406 Overdoped High Current Density  $Bi_{2-x}Pb_xSr_2CaCu_2O_{8+\delta}$  Intrinsic Josephson Junction Mesas and Their Switching Current Distributions Minoru SUZUKI, Kenji HAMADA, Ryota TAKEMURA, Masayuki OHMAKI, Itsuhiro KAKEYA
- 087501 Observation of Room Ferromagnetism in Cu-Implanted Crystal ZnO LI Tian-Jing, LI Gong-Ping, GAO Xing-Xin, CHEN Jing-Sheng
- 087502 Magnetic Properties of Spin-Ladder Compound  $Sr_{14}$  ( $Cu_{1-y}Fe_y$ )<sub>24</sub>O<sub>41</sub> HU Ni, LU Zhi-Hong, CHENG Li, XIONG Rui, SHI Jing
- 087701 Temperature- and Frequency-Dependent Dielectric Properties of La<sub>1.5</sub>Sr<sub>0.5</sub>NiO<sub>4- $\delta$ </sub> MA Yong-Chang, ZHANG Jian-Zhu, ZHAO Jie, LIU Qing-Suo
- 087901 Field Electron Emission from Caterpillar-Like Clavae Nano-Structure Carbon Thin Films WANG Li-Jun, ZHU Yu-Zhuan, WANG Xiao-Ping, ZHANG Shi, LIU Xin-Xin, LI Huai-Hui, MEI Cui-Yu, LIU Xiao-Fei

**CROSS-DISCIPLINARY PHYSICS AND RELATED AREAS OF SCIENCE** AND TECHNOLOGY

- 088101 Laser-Driven Silver Nanowire Formation: Effect of Femtosecond Laser Pulse Polarization BIAN Fei, WANG Rui, YANG Huai-Xin, ZHANG Xin-Zheng, LI Jian-Qi, XU Hong-Xing, XU Jing-Jun, ZHAO Ji-Min
- 088102 Molecular Dynamical Simulations on a-C:H Film Growth from C and H Atomic Flux: Effect of Incident Energy

QUAN Wei-Long, LI Hong-Xuan, ZHAO Fei, JI Li, DU Wen, ZHOU Hui-Di, CHEN Jian-Min

088103 Effect of CO<sub>2</sub> Addition on Preparation of Diamond Films by Direct-Current Hot-Cathode Plasma Chemical Vapor Deposition Method

ZHANG Chun-Mei, ZHENG Yan-Bin, JIANG Zhi-Gang, LV Xian-Yi, HOU Xue, HU Shuang, LIU Jun-Wei

088104 Critical Biot's number for Determination of the Sensitivity of Spherical Ceramics to Thermal Shock

LIU Qing-Nian, MENG Song-He, JIANG Chi-Ping, SONG Fan

- 088105 UV Light-Emitting Diodes at 340 nm Fabricated on a Bulk GaN Substrate DU Xiao-Zhang, LU Hai, CHEN Dun-Jun, XIU Xiang-Qian, ZHANG Rong, ZHENG You-Dou
- 088401 Numerical Study on Open-Circuit Voltage of Single Layer Organic Solar Cells with Schottky Contacts: Effects of Molecular Energy Levels, Temperature and Thickness LI Rong-Hua, MENG Wei-Min, PENG Ying-Quan, MA Chao-Zhu, WANG Run-Sheng, XIE Hong-Wei, WANG Ying
- 088501 Three-Dimensional Finite Element Simulations for the Thermal Characteristics of PCRAMs with Different Buffer Layer Materials

GONG Yue-Feng, SONG Zhi-Tang, LING Yun, LIU Yan, LI Yi-Jin, FENG Song-Lin

088502 Effect of HTS Superconductors on Homogeneity of Measurement Field in Low Field Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Detection

DONG Hui, ZHANG Yi, KRAUSE Hans-Joachim, XIE Xiao-Ming

088503 Metallic Contaminant Detection using a High-Temperature Superconducting Quantum Interference Devices Gradiometer Saburo Tanaka, Tomohiro Akai, Makoto Takemoto, Yoshimi Hatsukade, Takeyoshi Ohtani, Yoshio Ikeda,

Shuichi Suzuki

uthalen-1-yl).  $088504 \ \ {\rm Comparative \ Study \ on \ Hole \ Transport \ in \ N, N'-bis (naphthalen-1-yl)-N, N'-bis (pheny) \ Benzimir \ Study \$ dine and 4, 4', 4''-tri(N-carbazolyl)triphenylamine QIAO Xian-Feng, CHEN Jiang-Shan, MA Dong-Ge

088505 Temperature Effects of Piezoresistance Coefficient TAN Zhen-Xin, XUE Chen-Yang, HOU Ting-Ting, LIU Jun, ZHANG Bin-Zhen, ZHANG Wen-Dong

- 088701 Electrostatic Interactions Determining the Selectivity of KcsA Channel and Its Mutants LIU Yu-Zhi, AN Hai-Long, ZHANG Su-Hua, YU Hui, ZHAN Yong, ZHANG Hai-Lin
- 088702 Spiking Regularity and Coherence in Complex Hodgkin–Huxley Neuron Networks SUN Zhi-Qiang, XIE Ping, LI Wei, WANG Peng-Ye

#### GEOPHYSICS, ASTRONOMY, AND ASTROPHYSICS

089701 Multiband Non-Thermal Radiation from the Crab Nebula and the Pulsar Wind Nebula in MSH 15–52

YU Huan, JIANG Ze-Jun

089801 Bianchi Type-V Magnetized String Cosmological Model with Variable Magnetic Permeability for Viscous Fluid distribution Atul Tyagi, Keerti Sharma

#### ERRATA AND OTHER CORRECTIONS

089901 Erratum: Photodissociation Efficiency Spectroscopy Study of the Rydberg Excited Ion-Pair States of Carbon Dioxide

FENG Qiang, XU Yun-Feng, SUN Jin-Da, TIAN Shan-Xi, SHAN Xiao-Bin, LIU Fu-Yi, SHENG Liu-Si

089902 Corrigendum: "Extracting Closed Classical Orbits from Quantum Recurrence Spectra of a Non-Hydrogenic Atom in Parallel Electric and Magnetic Fields" WANG De-Hua

