# Lectures on $p$-adic zeta functions and 

 ( $\varphi, \Gamma)$-modulesYi Ouyang* and International Press Beijing-Boston


#### Abstract

This paper is based on the course notes given in the 13-th National Graduate Student Summer School in Pure Mathematics at University of Science and Technology of China in July 2008. We first discuss the spaces of continuous functions, locally analytic functions, $\mathcal{C}^{r}$-continuous functions over $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$, and the dual spaces of measures, distributions and tempered distributions of order $r$. we prove Kummer's congruences and use Leopoldt's $\Gamma$-transform to construct the $p$-adic zeta function of Kubota-Leopoldt. The theory of $(\varphi, \Gamma)$-modules of Fontaine is then introduced and its connection to Iwasawa theory is explained. At last we compute the $(\varphi, \Gamma)$-module of the $p$-adic representation $\mathbb{Z}_{p}(1)$ and obtain its connection to Kubota-Leopoldt zeta function.


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## 1 Introduction

This paper is based on the course notes given in the 13-th National Graduate Student Summer School in Pure Mathematics at University of Science and Technology of China in July 2008. It follows heavily the course notes "Fontaine rings and $p$ adic $L$-functions" ([C]) of Pierre Colmez at Tsinghua University in 2004 (available at http://staff.ustc.edu.cn/~yiouyang/).

This paper is divided into four sections. In $\S 1$, we first discuss the $p$-adic Banach space $\mathcal{C}^{0}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$, the space of continuous functions over $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$ and prove

[^0]the classical Mahler's theorem. We then study its dual space $\mathcal{D}_{0}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$, the space of measures over $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$. The Amice transform $A_{\mu}$ of a measure $\mu$ is given, as well as the $\varphi, \psi$ and Galois actions of $\mu$. We then show the map $\mu \mapsto A_{\mu}$ gives an isometry between Banach algebras $\mathcal{D}_{0}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$ and $B_{\mathbb{Q}_{p}}^{+}$, a space with deep root in the theory of $(\varphi, \Gamma)$-modules. In the same manner, we study the Frechet space of locally analytic functions $L A\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$, and the dual spaces $\mathcal{D}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$ of distributions over $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$, the Amice transform of a distribution and the actions of $\varphi$, $\psi$ and Galois on a distribution, and the isometry of $\mathcal{D}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$ and the Robba ring $\mathcal{R}^{+}$. At last, we study the space $\mathcal{C}^{r}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$ of $\mathcal{C}^{r}$-functions over $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$, and its dual space $\mathcal{D}_{r}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{p}, \mathbb{Q}_{p}\right)$ of tempered distributions of order $r$.

In $\S 2$, we prove Kummer's congruences and use Leopoldt's $\Gamma$-transform to construct the $p$-adic zeta function of Kubota-Leopoldt. In $\S 3$, we first review Fontaine's theory of $(\varphi, \Gamma)$-modules of $p$-adic Galois representations, then use the $(\varphi, \Gamma)$-module $D(V)$ of a $p$-adic representation $V$ to compute the Galois cohomology of $V$ and obtain its Euler-Poincaré formula (the theory of Herr).

In $\S 4$, we define the Iwasawa module of $V$, and describe it in terms of $D(V)$. When $V=\mathbb{Z}_{p}(1)$, we are able to do explicit computation and obtain Coleman's power series.

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## 2 Continuous functions, measures and distributions over $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$

### 2.1 Continuous functions on $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$

### 2.1.1 p-adic Banach spaces.

We first recall properties about $p$-adic Banach spaces.
Definition 2.1. A $p$-adic Banach space $B$ is a $\mathbb{Q}_{p}$-vector space which contains a (full) $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$-lattice $B^{0}$ separated and complete for the $p$-adic topology, i.e.,

$$
B=B^{0} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}_{p}} \mathbb{Q}_{p} \quad \text { and } \quad B^{0}=\lim _{n \in \mathbb{N}} B^{0} / p^{n} B^{0}
$$

For every $x \in B$, there exists $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, such that $x \in p^{n} B^{0}$. We define the associated valuation $v_{B}: B \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \cup\{+\infty\}$ by

$$
\begin{equation*}
v_{B}(x)=\sup _{n \in \mathbb{Z} \cup\{+\infty\}}\left\{n \mid x \in p^{n} B^{0}\right\} \tag{2.1}
\end{equation*}
$$

Then $v_{B}$ satisfies the following properties:

$$
\begin{align*}
& v_{B}(x+y) \geq \min \left\{v_{B}(x), v_{B}(y)\right\}, \text { if } x, y \in C  \tag{2.2}\\
& v_{B}(\lambda x)=v_{p}(\lambda)+v_{B}(x), \text { if } \lambda \in \mathbb{Q}_{p} \text { and } x \in C . \tag{2.3}
\end{align*}
$$


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